

09937274

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1202sxq

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

*Priority*  
*3/31/2000*

\* \* \* \* \* Welcome to STN International \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America  
NEWS 2 Apr 08 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock  
NEWS 3 Apr 09 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area  
NEWS 4 Apr 09 ZDB will be removed from STN  
NEWS 5 Apr 19 US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB  
NEWS 6 Apr 22 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS  
NEWS 7 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER  
NEWS 8 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available  
NEWS 9 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available  
NEWS 10 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload  
NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded  
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment  
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;  
saved answer sets no longer valid  
NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY  
NEWS 15 Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN  
NEWS 16 Aug 08 CANCERLIT reload  
NEWS 17 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN  
NEWS 18 Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 19 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)  
now available on STN  
NEWS 20 Aug 19 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded  
NEWS 21 Aug 19 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded  
NEWS 22 Aug 26 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced  
NEWS 23 Sep 03 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 24 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file  
NEWS 25 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA  
NEWS 26 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985  
NEWS 27 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded  
NEWS 28 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields  
NEWS 29 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN  
NEWS 30 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002  
NEWS 31 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT  
NEWS 32 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY  
NEWS 33 Dec 02 TIBKAT will be removed from STN  
NEWS 34 Dec 04 CSA files on STN  
NEWS 35 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date  
NEWS 36 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content  
NEWS 37 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN  
NEWS 38 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available  
NEWS 39 Jan 13 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS  
NEWS 40 Jan 21 NUTRACEUT offering one free connect hour in February 2003  
NEWS 41 Jan 21 PHARMAML offering one free connect hour in February 2003

NEWS EXPRESS January 6 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a,  
CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),

1/25/2003

09937274

	AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
NEWS HOURS	STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER	General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN	Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE	Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW	CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:37:05 ON 25 JAN 2003

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:38 ON 25 JAN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 481628-73-3  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 481628-73-3

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> s 19-nir testosterone

235470 19

78 NIR

1208 TESTOSTERONE

L1 0 19-NIR TESTOSTERONE

(19 (W) NIR (W) TESTOSTERONE)

=> s 19-nor testosterone

1/25/2003

09937274

235470 19  
152302 NOR  
1208 TESTOSTERONE  
L2 162 19-NOR TESTOSTERONE  
(19 (W) NOR (W) TESTOSTERONE)

=> s l2 7-substituted  
MISSING OPERATOR

=> s l2 and 7-substituted  
2961735 7  
884 SUBSTITUTED  
0 7-SUBSTITUTED  
(7 (W) SUBSTITUTED)  
L3 0 L2 AND 7-SUBSTITUTED

=> file caplus	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	34.56	34.77

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:38:52 ON 25 JAN 2003  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Jan 2003 VOL 138 ISS 5  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Jan 2003 (20030124/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:37:05 ON 25 JAN 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:38 ON 25 JAN 2003  
L1 0 S 19-NIR TESTOSTERONE  
L2 162 S 19-NOR TESTOSTERONE  
L3 0 S L2 AND 7-SUBSTITUTED

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:38:52 ON 25 JAN 2003

=> s l2 and 7-alkyl  
6755 L2  
2305927 7  
500431 ALKYL

1/25/2003

09937274

1966 7-ALKYL  
(7(W)ALKYL)  
L4 3 L2 AND 7-ALKYL

=> s l2 and 7 methyl  
6755 L2  
2305927 7  
778688 METHYL  
6873 7 METHYL  
(7(W)METHYL)  
L5 13 L2 AND 7 METHYL

=> s l2 and 7ethyl  
6755 L2  
4 7ETHYL  
L6 0 L2 AND 7ETHYL

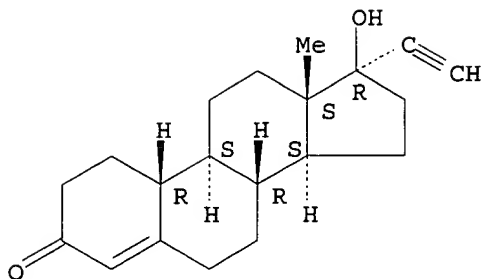
=> s l2 and 7 ethyl  
6755 L2  
2305927 7  
330054 ETHYL  
1319 7 ETHYL  
(7(W)ETHYL)  
L7 1 L2 AND 7 ETHYL

=> d l7 ibib hitstr abs

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:2304 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:2304  
TITLE: Interaction of steroids with Pseudomonas testosteroni  
3-oxosteroid .DELTA.4-.DELTA.5-isomerase  
AUTHOR(S): Weintraub, Hadassa; Vincent, Francoise; Baulieu,  
Etienne Emile; Alfsen, Annette  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Unite Rech. Metab. Mol. Physiopathol. Steroides,  
INSERM, Bicetre, Fr.  
SOURCE: Biochemistry (1977), 16(23), 5045-53  
CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
IT 68-22-4 434-22-0 514-61-4 793-55-5  
797-63-7 1425-10-1 3764-87-2 4811-77-2  
6218-29-7 10161-33-8  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with steroid .DELTA.-isomerase, structure in relation to)  
RN 68-22-4 CAPLUS  
CN 19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

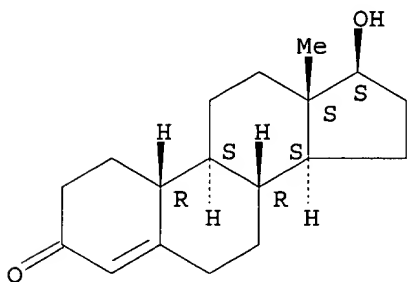
09937274



RN 434-22-0 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

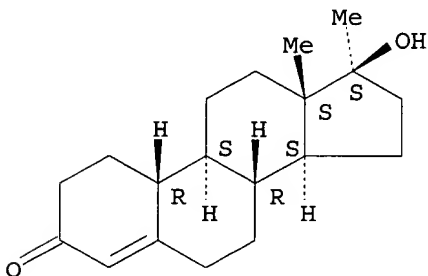
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 514-61-4 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-17-methyl-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

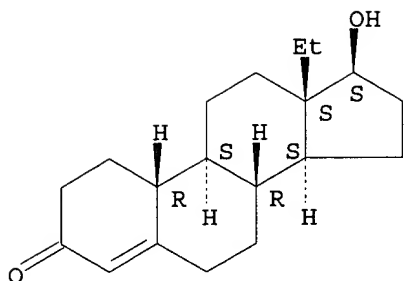


RN 793-55-5 CAPLUS

CN Gon-4-en-3-one, 13-ethyl-17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

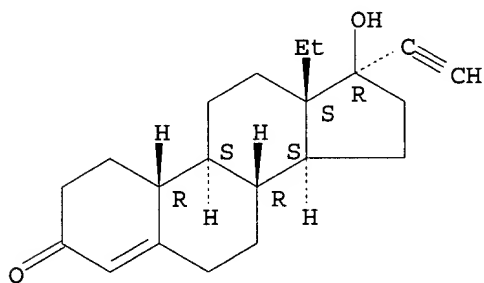
09937274



RN 797-63-7 CAPLUS

CN 18,19-Dinorpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 13-ethyl-17-hydroxy-, (17.alpha.)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

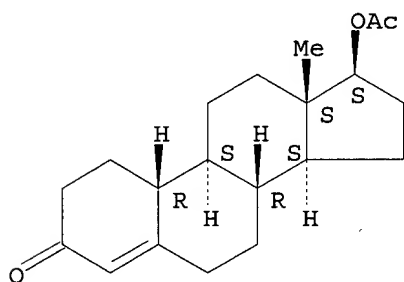
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 1425-10-1 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

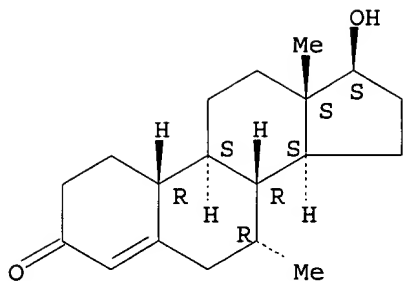


RN 3764-87-2 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

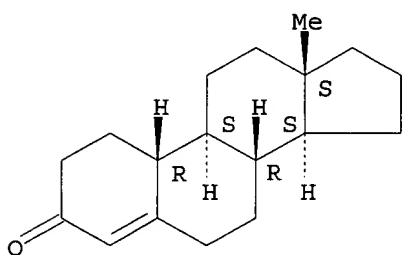
Absolute stereochemistry.

09937274



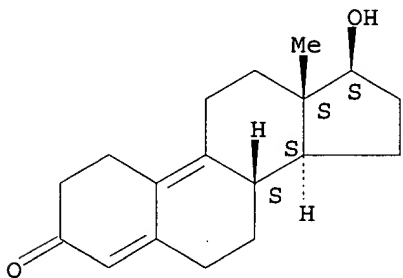
RN 4811-77-2 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4-en-3-one (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



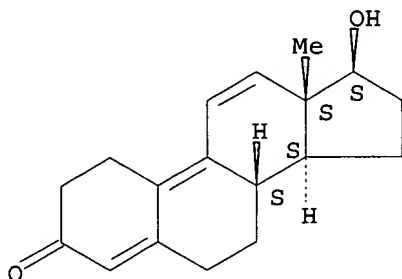
RN 6218-29-7 CAPLUS  
CN Estra-4,9-dien-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 10161-33-8 CAPLUS  
CN Estra-4,9,11-trien-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The structural features of a no. of steroids and synthetic derivs. were related to their potency as competitive or noncompetitive inhibitors of the isomerization of 5-androstene-3,17-dione by P. testosteroni 3-oxosteroid .DELTA.4-.DELTA.5-isomerase (I). Any substituent introduced at the C-11 (.alpha. or .beta.) position of C18, C19, and C21 steroids hinders the interaction with I. With phenolic C18 derivs., the C-3 hydroxyl is essential for firm interaction; removal or replacement of this group by a Me or methoxy group weakens binding. The absence of a substituent at the C-17.beta. position or the lengthening of the C-17.beta. side chain increases the affinity of both C18 and C19 steroids. With C19 and C21 steroids, the absence of the angular C-19 Me group as well as the presence of a conjugated double bond system at C-9 or C-9 and C-11 favors binding. Substituents introduced at the C-13 and C-17.alpha. positions have different effects on phenolic steroids and 3-oxo-.DELTA.4 derivs. Lengthening the C-18 hydrocarbon side chain increases markedly the affinity of 3-oxo-.DELTA.4-monounsaturated steroids, but does not affect binding of phenolic steroids. This affinity increase is less pronounced with polyunsaturated C18.DELTA.4,9,11 derivs. (with 17.alpha.-substituents). The presence of a Me, hydroxyl, ethynyl, or acetoxy group at C-17.alpha. markedly decreases the affinity of 3-oxo-.DELTA.4-C19 and C21 derivs., but not of phenolic steroids. Apparently, the fit of rings C and D in the binding site of I differs for 3-oxo-.DELTA.4 and phenolic derivs. Some ligands, which are structurally similar to competitive inhibitors, exhibit pure noncompetitive or mixed noncompetitive behavior. Estradiol is a competitive inhibitor, whereas estrone and its derivs. are noncompetitive. Diethylstilbestrol and the 4,4'-dihydroxy-2',7'-dimethyl-7'-**ethyl**-trans-stilbene are competitive, whereas 4,4'-dihydroxy-2',7'-dimethyl-7'-**ethyl**-trans-stilbene is a noncompetitive inhibitor. 3-Deoxyestradiol and coumestrol are mixed noncompetitive inhibitors. The affinities of estradiol and estrone for I show the same pH dependence, and equil. dialysis studies suggest that estrone and estradiol compete for the same binding site of I. These findings complement the previously reported half-of-sites reactivity of the I dimeric protein, and suggest that a flip-flop mechanism may be involved.

=>

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:37:05 ON 25 JAN 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:38 ON 25 JAN 2003

L1 0 S 19-NIR TESTOSTERONE  
L2 162 S 19-NOR TESTOSTERONE  
L3 0 S L2 AND 7-SUBSTITUTED

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:38:52 ON 25 JAN 2003



09937274

L4 3 S L2 AND 7-ALKYL  
L5 13 S L2 AND 7 METHYL  
L6 0 S L2 AND 7ETHYL  
L7 1 S L2 AND 7 ETHYL

=> d l4 1-3 ibib hitstr abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:524227 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:124227

TITLE: Antiprogestational agents. The synthesis of 7  
-alkyl steroidal ketones with  
anti-implantational and antidecidual activity

AUTHOR(S): Grunwell, Joyce F.; Benson, Harvey D.; Johnston, J.  
O'Neal; Petrow, Vladimir

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Richardson-Merrell Inc., Merrell-Natl. Lab.,  
Cincinnati, OH, USA

SOURCE: Steroids (1976), 27(6), 759-71  
CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

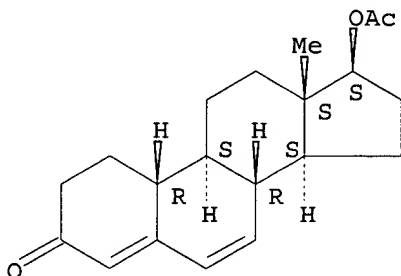
IT 2590-41-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(addn. reaction of, with alkyl copper compds.)

RN 2590-41-2 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4,6-dien-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



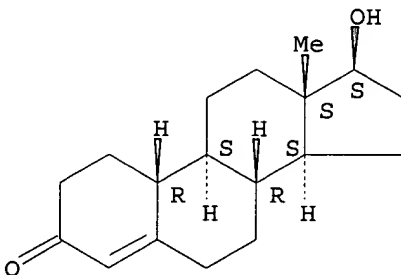
IT 434-22-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(enol acetylation of)

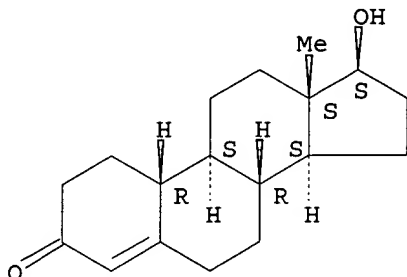
RN 434-22-0 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



09937274



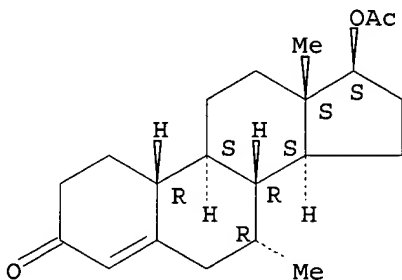
IT 6157-87-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and antifertility activity of)

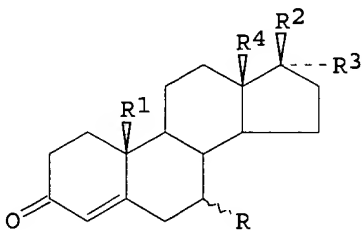
RN 6157-87-5 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

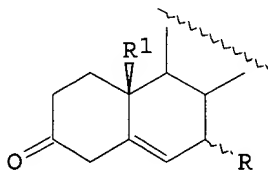
Absolute stereochemistry.



GI



I



II

AB Oxo unsatd. steroids I and II (R = alkyl, R1 = H, Me; R2 = OH, OAc; R3 = H, Me, C.tplbond.CH; R2R3 = O; R4 = Me, Et) (28 compds.) were prepd. by 1,6-conjugate addn. of organocopper reagents to the corresponding 3-oxo 4,6-unsatd. androstanes, estranes, and gonanes. I and II (R = .alpha.-Me, R1 = R3 = H, R2 = OAc, R4 = Me) and II (R = .alpha.-Me, R1 = Me, R2 = OH, R3 = R4 = Me) had significant anti-implantational and antidecidual activities. The contragestative effects were assocd. with the latter antihormonal properties, and not with the androgenicity of these compds.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1/25/2003

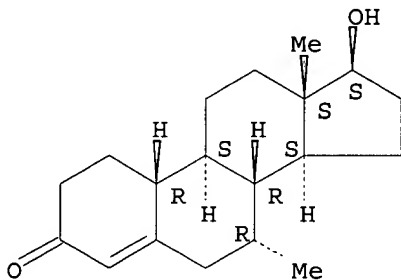
09937274

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:579399 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:179399  
TITLE: 7-Alkyl-.DELTA.3,5-steroids  
INVENTOR(S): Grunwell, Joyce F.; Johnston, John O.; Petrow,  
Vladimir; Weintraub, Philip M.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richardson-Merrell Inc., USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3890356	A	19750617	US 1973-344838	19730326
ZA 7400932	A	19750129	ZA 1974-932	19740212
AU 7465584	A1	19750814	AU 1974-65584	19740214
JP 49126661	A2	19741204	JP 1974-28209	19740313
GB 1410294	A	19751015	GB 1974-12368	19740320
DE 2413559	A1	19741017	DE 1974-2413559	19740321
FR 2223014	A1	19741025	FR 1974-9975	19740322
BE 812836	A1	19740715	BE 1974-142453	19740326

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1973-344838 19730326  
IT 3764-87-2  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction with methyl lithium)  
RN 3764-87-2 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB The antiprogestational and contraceptive androstadienes I (R = Ph, Bu, Me) were prepd. by condensation of 7.alpha.-methyltestosterone with PhMgCl, BuLi, and MeLi, resp., and subsequent acid catalyzed dehydration. 3,7.alpha.-Dimethylestra-3,5-dien-17.beta.-ol acetate, 7.alpha.-methyl-3-phenylestra-3,5-dien-17.beta.-ol, 3,4,7.alpha.-trimethylandrosta-3,5-dien-17.beta.-ol, 7.alpha.-methyl-3-phenylestra-3,5-dien-17.beta.-ol, 3,7.alpha.-dimethylandrosta-3,5-diene-11.beta.,17.beta.-diol, and 1.alpha.,3,7.alpha.-trimethylandrosta-3,5-dien-17.beta.-ol were prepd. similarly.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:27434 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:27434

1/25/2003

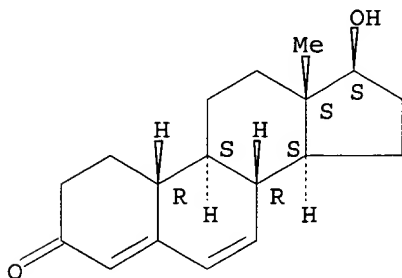
09937274

TITLE: 3-Oxo-7-**alkyl**-.DELTA.5-steroids  
INVENTOR(S): Grunwell, Joyce F.; Benson, Harvey D.; Petrow, Vladimir  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richardson-Merrell Inc.  
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 67 pp.  
CODEN: GWXXBX  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: German  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2309328	A1	19731004	DE 1973-2309328	19730224
US 3833621	A	19740903	US 1972-236186	19720320
ZA 7300718	A	19731031	ZA 1973-718	19730131
AU 7351971	A1	19740808	AU 1973-51971	19730208
CA 1004667	A1	19770201	CA 1973-163914	19730216
GB 1416277	A	19751203	GB 1973-8774	19730222
NL 7302540	A	19730924	NL 1973-2540	19730223
CH 586236	A	19770331	CH 1973-3048	19730301
JP 49011870	A2	19740201	JP 1973-27642	19730310
BE 796909	A1	19730716	BE 1973-128910	19730316
SE 406591	C	19790531	SE 1973-3850	19730319
SE 406591	B	19790219		
FR 2181834	A1	19731207	FR 1973-9992	19730320
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1972-236186	19720320

IT **14531-84-1**  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(methylation of)  
RN 14531-84-1 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4,6-dien-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17. $\beta$ .)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB Androsthenones I (R = . $\alpha$ .-Me, . $\beta$ .-Me, . $\beta$ .-Me<sub>2</sub>CH; R<sub>1</sub> = HO, AcO, EtCO<sub>2</sub>, Ac; R<sub>2</sub> = H, Me, C.tplbond.CH; R<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub> = O, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O) (13 compds.), possessing anabolic, androgenic, progestational, and fertility inhibiting activity, were prep'd. by reaction of LiR<sub>2</sub>Cu with the corresponding androstadienones II. Isomerization of I (R = . $\alpha$ .-Me, R<sub>1</sub> = HO, R<sub>2</sub> = H) with NaOMe in MeOH gave the corresponding .DELTA.4-isomer, which was used in treatment of prostate gland hypertrophy.

=> d 15 1-13 ibib hitstr abs

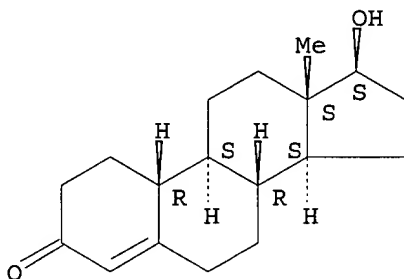
1/25/2003

09937274

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:8035 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:63379  
TITLE: Synthesis of (3.alpha.,7.beta.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3,7,17-triol, a metabolite of ORG OD14, and its 7-epimer. [Erratum to document cited in CA133:362880]  
AUTHOR(S): Plate, R.; van Wuijtswinkel, R. C. A. L.; Jans, C. G. J. M.; Groen, M. B.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Chemistry Department, N.V. Organon, Oss, 5340, Neth.  
SOURCE: Steroids (2001), 66(2), 115,117-126  
CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
IT 434-22-0, 19-NorTestosterone  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(synthesis of (3.alpha.,7.beta.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3, 7,17-triol metabolite of ORG OD14 and its 7-epimer (Erratum))  
RN 434-22-0 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The Schemes in the article were not printed; the correct version of the article is given.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:620309 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:362880  
TITLE: Synthesis of (3.alpha.,7.beta.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3,7,17-triol, a metabolite of ORG OD14, and its 7-epimer  
AUTHOR(S): Plate, R.; van Wuijtswinkel, R. C. A. L.; Jans, C. G. J. M.; Groen, M. B.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Chemistry Department, N.V. Organon, Oss, 5340, Neth.  
SOURCE: Steroids (2000), 65(9), 497-504  
CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:362880

1/25/2003

09937274

IT 434-22-0, 19-NorTestosterone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

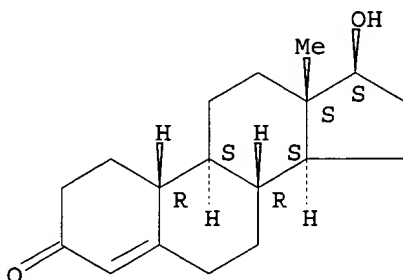
(synthesis of (3.alpha.,7.beta.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl

-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3,7,17-triol, a metabolite of ORG OD14,  
and its 7-epimer)

RN 434-22-0 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The syntheses of the 7.beta.-hydroxy metabolite of ORG OD14 (Livial.RTM.),  
(3.alpha.,7.beta.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl  
-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3,7,17-triol, and its 7-epimer,  
(3.alpha.,7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-7-methyl  
-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yne-3,7,17-triol, are described.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:277997 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:308546

TITLE: High purity composition of (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-  
hydroxy-7-methyl

-19-nor-17-pregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one

INVENTOR(S): Kirchholtes, Peter Huub Gerard Maria; Sas, Gerard  
Arnoud Jozef Maria Theresia

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akzo Nobel N. V., Neth.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

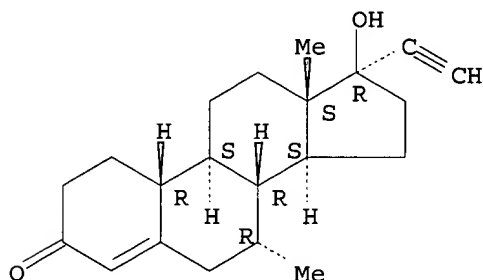
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000023460	A1	20000427	WO 1999-EP7768	19991011
W:	AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2344686	AA	20000427	CA 1999-2344686	19991011
AU 9962029	A1	20000508	AU 1999-62029	19991011
BR 9914441	A	20010626	BR 1999-14441	19991011

09937274

EP 1121375            A1    20010808            EP 1999-948994    19991011  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
JP 2002527525        T2    20020827            JP 2000-577186    19991011  
EP 1275379            A2    20030115            EP 2002-22689    19991011  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, FI, CY  
NO 2001001664        A    20010403            NO 2001-1664       20010403  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:            EP 1998-203460    A    19981016  
                                 EP 1999-948994    A3 19991011  
                                 WO 1999-EP7768    W    19991011  
OTHER SOURCE(S):            CASREACT 132:308546  
IT    **1162-60-3P**, Org om38  
RL: BYP (Byproduct); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)  
     (high purity compn. of (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-hydroxy-7-  
     **methyl**-19-nor-17-pregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one)  
RN    1162-60-3    CAPLUS  
CN    19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-  
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB    The invention pertains to a process for the prepn. of a high purity  
     (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-hydroxy-7-**methyl**  
     -19-nor-17-pregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one (Tibolone) (I). The process provides  
     for a compn. with less than 0.5 % of (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-hydroxy-  
     7-**methyl**-19-nor-17-pregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one (II). Thus,  
     (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-3,3-dimethoxy-17-hydroxy-7-**methyl**  
     -19-nor-17-pregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one in pyridine and ethanol was treated  
     with oxalic acid in water to give I contg. less than 0.1% II. I can be  
     used as a source for the prepn. of stable pharmaceutical dosage units.  
     The stability of I in tablets was detd. after storage.

REFERENCE COUNT:            15        THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
                                 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5    ANSWER 4 OF 13    CAPLUS    COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER:            1999:819397    CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER:            132:50158  
TITLE:                        Preparation of (7.alpha.,17.beta.)-7-  
                                 **methyl**-17-[(1-oxoundecyl)oxy]estr-4-en-3-one  
INVENTOR(S):                Leysen, Dirk; Van der Voort, Hendrikus Adrianus  
                                 Antonius  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):        Akzo Nobel N.V., Neth.  
SOURCE:                      PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.  
                                 CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE:                Patent  
LANGUAGE:                      English

1/25/2003

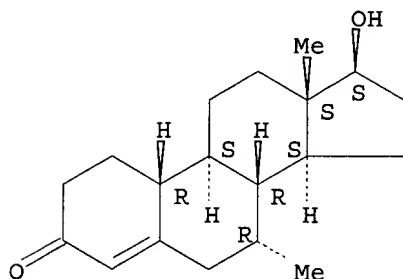
09937274

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9967271	A1	19991229	WO 1999-EP4102	19990614
W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2333985	AA	19991229	CA 1999-2333985	19990614
AU 9946101	A1	20000110	AU 1999-46101	19990614
BR 9911344	A	20010313	BR 1999-11344	19990614
EP 1087986	A1	20010404	EP 1999-929208	19990614
EP 1087986	B1	20020410		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
AT 215961	E	20020415	AT 1999-929208	19990614
JP 2002518514	T2	20020625	JP 2000-555922	19990614
ES 2175989	T3	20021116	ES 1999-929208	19990614
NO 2000006455	A	20001218	NO 2000-6455	20001218
US 6437158	B1	20020820	US 2000-719927	20001218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 1998-202052	A 19980619
			WO 1999-EP4102	W 19990614
IT	3764-87-2, 17.beta.-Hydroxy-7.alpha.-methylestr-4-en-3-one			
RL:	RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)			
	(prepn. of (7.alpha.,17.beta.)-7-methyl			
	-17-(undecanoyloxy)estr-4-en-3-one as a sol. androgen)			
RN	3764-87-2 CAPLUS			
CN	Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The invention is the novel androgen (7.alpha.,17.beta.)-7-methyl-17-[(1-oxoundecyl)oxy]estr-4-en-3-one (MENT undecanoate). This compd. distinguishes favorably from other testosterone derivs. in that it has a good soly. in oily media. It particularly exhibits a good dissolved potency relative to testosterone. The compd. is particularly suitable for administration by means of injection. Thus, MENT undecanoate was prepd. from 17.beta.-hydroxy-7.alpha.-methylestr-4-en-3-one and undecanoyl chloride. The relative dissolved potency (RDP) of MENT undecanoate was > 200 compared to testosterone.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS



RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:629374 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:229374

TITLE: Pharmacological studies with (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-hydroxy-7-methyl-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one (Org OD 14)

AUTHOR(S): Van der Vies, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biochem. Pharmacol. Res., Organon Int. B. V., Oss, 5340 BH, Neth.

SOURCE: Maturitas (1987), Suppl. 1, 15-24

CODEN: MATUDK; ISSN: 0378-5122

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 1162-60-3

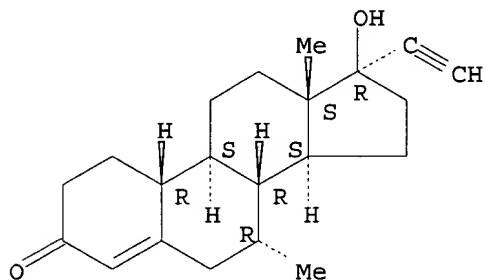
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(as Org OD 14 metabolite, biol. activities of)

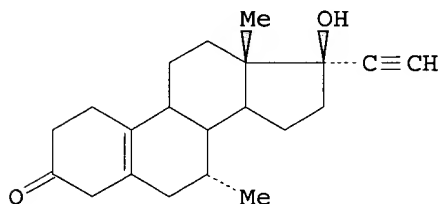
RN 1162-60-3 CAPLUS

CN 19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI



I

AB Hormonal screening studies in rats and rabbits indicated that Org OD 14 (I) had concomitant weak estrogenic, androgenic, and progestational activities. The effects obsd. in other tests, i.e., inhibition of ovulation in rats, prevention of bone loss following ovariectomy in rats, and restoration of sex drive in castrated male rats, corresponded to this hormonal profile. Studies of the metabolites of I in rats suggested that these are involved in the complex endocrinol. properties displayed by the compd.

09937274

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:417625 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:17625

TITLE: Multicenter study of effects of Org OD 14 on endometrium, vaginal cytology and cervical mucus in post-menopausal and oophorectomized women

AUTHOR(S): Punnonen, R.; Liukko, P.; Cortex-Prieto, J.; Eydam, F.; Milojevic, S.; Trevoux, R.; Chryssikopoulos, E.; Franchi, F.; Luisi, M.; Kicovic, P. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Gynaecol. Obstetr., Univ. Turku, Turku, Finland

SOURCE: Maturitas (1984), 5(4), 281-6  
CODEN: MATUDK; ISSN: 0378-5122

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 52-76-6

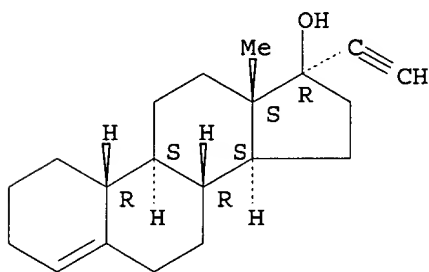
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(uterus and vagina response to withdrawal of synthetic steroid and, in postmenopausal women)

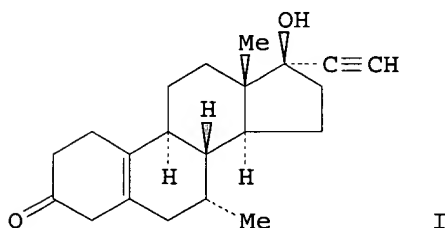
RN 52-76-6 CAPLUS

CN 19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-17-ol, (17.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI



I

AB A study of 69 post-menopausal or oophorectomized women was performed to det. whether Org OD 14 [(7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-17-hydroxy-7-methyl-19-norpregn-5(10)-en-20-yn-3-one] (I) [5630-53-5] administered orally in a daily dose of 2.5 mg for 90 days induces endometrial proliferation. The treatment with Org OD 14 was continued in combination with a 1 mg daily dose of lynestrenol [52-76-6] from day 91 for 10 days to ascertain whether secretory transformation of the endometrium and subsequent withdrawal bleeding would occur. Endometrial biopsies were obtained before treatment and on day 91. The effects of Org OD 14 on vaginal mucosa and cervical mucus were also

09937274

evaluated. Org OD 14 did not display any effect on the endometrium in 56 of the study subjects. Weak stimulation (initial proliferation was seen in 11 of the subjects, and withdrawal bleeding occurred in only 5 of these after cessation of the combined treatment with lynestrenol. However, moderate estrogenic effects on vaginal mucosa and cervical mucus were induced in all study subjects.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:577763 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:177763

TITLE: Reactions in hyperacid media. XVIII. New synthesis of 7-methyl-14-isoestrane

AUTHOR(S): Jacquesy, Jean C.; Jacquesy, Rose; Narbonne, Claudine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. XII, Fac. Sci., Poitiers, Fr.

SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1976), (7-8, Pt. 2), 1240-2

CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

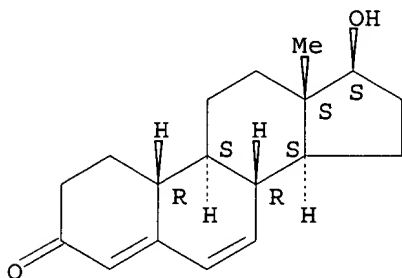
IT 14531-84-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with lithium dimethylcuprate)

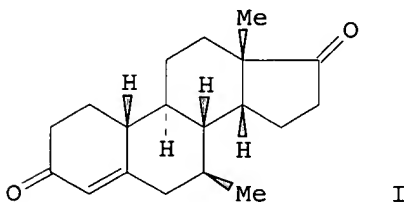
RN 14531-84-1 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4,6-dien-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI



I

AB Treatment of androst-4-ene-3,17-dione with HF-SbF5 gave isoestrane I which resulted from either, a series of 1,2-migrations of the Me group or a 1,2-migration plus a 1,3-migration.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:27434 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:27434

1/25/2003

09937274

TITLE: 3-Oxo-7-alkyl-.DELTA.5-steroids  
INVENTOR(S): Grunwell, Joyce F.; Benson, Harvey D.; Petrow, Vladimir  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richardson-Merrell Inc.  
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 67 pp.  
CODEN: GWXXBX  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: German  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2309328	A1	19731004	DE 1973-2309328	19730224
US 3833621	A	19740903	US 1972-236186	19720320
ZA 7300718	A	19731031	ZA 1973-718	19730131
AU 7351971	A1	19740808	AU 1973-51971	19730208
CA 1004667	A1	19770201	CA 1973-163914	19730216
GB 1416277	A	19751203	GB 1973-8774	19730222
NL 7302540	A	19730924	NL 1973-2540	19730223
CH 586236	A	19770331	CH 1973-3048	19730301
JP 49011870	A2	19740201	JP 1973-27642	19730310
BE 796909	A1	19730716	BE 1973-128910	19730316
SE 406591	C	19790531	SE 1973-3850	19730319
SE 406591	B	19790219		
FR 2181834	A1	19731207	FR 1973-9992	19730320
			US 1972-236186	19720320

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

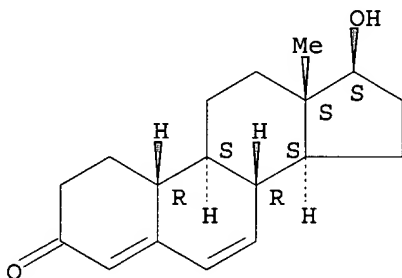
IT 14531-84-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(methylation of)

RN 14531-84-1 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4,6-dien-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, (17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Androsthenones I (R = .alpha.-Me, .beta.-Me, .beta.-Me<sub>2</sub>CH; R<sub>1</sub> = HO, AcO, EtCO<sub>2</sub>, Ac; R<sub>2</sub> = H, Me, C.tplbond.CH; R<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub> = O, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O) (13 compds.), possessing anabolic, androgenic, progestational, and fertility inhibiting activity, were prepd. by reaction of LiR<sub>2</sub>Cu with the corresponding androstadienones II. Isomerization of I (R = .alpha.-Me, R<sub>1</sub> = HO, R<sub>2</sub> = H) with NaOMe in MeOH gave the corresponding .DELTA.4-isomer, which was used in treatment of prostate gland hypertrophy.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:419372 CAPLUS

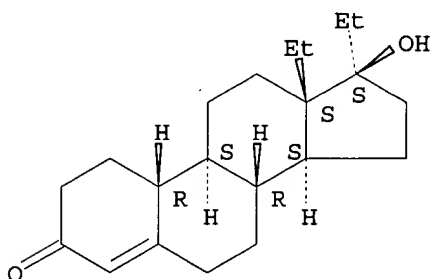
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:19372

1/25/2003

09937274

TITLE: Totally synthetic steroid hormones. XV. 6- and 7-Methylsteroids  
AUTHOR(S): Buzby, G. C., Jr.; Douglas, G. H.; Walk, C. R.; Smith, H.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Wyeth Labs., Inc., Radnor, PA, USA  
SOURCE: Proc. Int. Congr. Hormonal Steroids, 2nd, Milan (1967), Volume Date 1966 311-15  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
IT 1235-15-0  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (biol. activity of)  
RN 1235-15-0 CAPLUS  
CN 18,19-Dinorpregn-4-en-3-one, 13-ethyl-17-hydroxy-, (17.alpha.)-(.-.-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



AB The prepn. of some 6- and 7-methylsteroids is described. m-Methoxyacetophenone was successively subjected to Reformatsky reaction with  $\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_2\text{Me}$ , hydrogenolysis,  $\text{LiAlH}_4$  redn., and reaction with  $\text{PBr}_3$  in  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  to give 3-(m-methoxyphenyl)butyl bromide. This compd. was subjected successively to reaction with  $\text{NaC}\equiv\text{CH}$  in liq.  $\text{NH}_3$ , Mannich condensation with  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{Et}_2\text{NH}$ , hydration, and distn. to give a mixt. of 7-(m-methoxyphenyl)-6-methylhept-1-en-3-one and 7-(m-methoxyphenyl)-6-methyl-1-diethylaminoheptan-3-one. This mixt. was condensed with 2-methylcyclopentane-1,3-dione to give the corresponding trione which underwent cyclodehydration in  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  contg.  $p\text{-HO}_3\text{SC}_6\text{H}_4\text{Me}$  to give a mixt. of 6.alpha.- and 6.beta.-methyl-3-methoxyestra-1,3,5(10),8(9),14-pentaen-17-ones (I), in yields of 25 and 1%, resp. Similar condensation of the above ketone mixt. with 2-ethylcyclopentane-1,3-dione followed by cyclodehydration gave a mixt. of 6.alpha.- and 6.beta.-methyl-3-methoxy-13-ethylgona-1,3,5(10),8(9),14-pentaen-17-one, from which 6.beta.-methyl-3-methoxy-13-ethyl-17-methylenedioxygona-1,3,5(10),8(9),14-pentaene (II) was obtained in 40% yield. I and its 6.alpha.-isomer were subjected to successive hydrogenation, redn. with  $\text{NaBH}_4$ , and  $\text{Li-PhNH}_2$  redn. to give 6.beta.- and 6.alpha.-methyl-3-methoxyestra-1,3,5(10)-trien-17-ols (III), resp. Hydrogenation, metal- $\text{NH}_3$  redn., acid hydrolysis, and  $\text{NaBH}_4$  redn. of the ketal II gave 6.beta.-methyl-3-methoxy-13-ethylgona-1,3,5(10)-trien-17-ol (IV). III was also prepd. from 3-methoxyestra-1,3,5(10)-trien-17-ol by successive conversion to the acetate, oxidn., Grignard reaction with  $\text{MeMgI}$ , dehydration, and hydrogenation. IV was prepd. similarly from 3-methoxy-13-ethylgona-1,3,5(10)-trien-17-ol. 13.beta.-Ethyl-17.beta.-acetoxygona-4,6-dien-3-one (V) and 13.beta.,17.alpha.-diethyl-17.beta.-acetoxygona-4,6-dien-3-one (VI) were prepd. from the corresponding gon-4-en-3-ones.  $\text{CuCl}$ -Grignard

addn. with V gave 7.alpha.-methyl-13.beta.-ethyl-17.beta.-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one, while similar treatment of VI gave 7.alpha.-methyl-13.beta.,17.alpha.-diethyl-17.beta.-acetoxygon-4-en-3-one, which was converted by LiAlH<sub>4</sub> redn. and subsequent MnO<sub>2</sub> oxidn. to 13.beta.,17.alpha.-diethyl-17.beta.-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one. The biol. activity of some of the 6- and 7-methyl steroids prepd. are tabulated.

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:105442 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:105442

TITLE: Tetracyclic compounds and methods of preparing the same

INVENTOR(S): Los, Marinus

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co.

SOURCE: U.S., 11 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

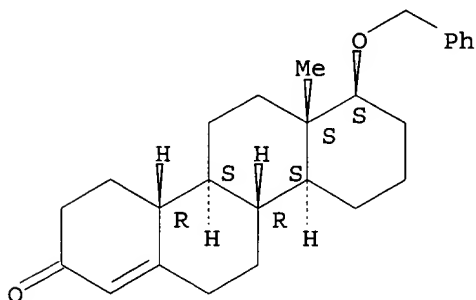
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 3321489		19670523	US	19640604
IT	<b>16154-55-5P</b>				
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)				
RN	16154-55-5	CAPLUS			
CN	D-Homoestr-4-en-3-one, 17a-(phenylmethoxy)-, (17a.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Relative stereochemistry.



AB 2-Ethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (70 g.), 62 ml. Me vinyl ketone, 0.25 g. KOH, and 250 ml. abs. MeOH were refluxed together 4 hrs., MeOH and excess Me vinyl ketone distd. at atm. pressure, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> added to the residue, distn. continued to 80.degree., C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> added to original vol., the soln. cooled in ice, 3 ml. pyrrolidine added, the H<sub>2</sub>O formed distd. azeotropically, the soln. cooled in ice, dild. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and worked up to give 46.7 g. 1,6-dioxo-9-ethyl-.DELTA.5(10)-octalin (I), m. 67.5-8.5.degree. (ether-hexane), b<sub>0.6</sub> 130-5.degree.. NaBH<sub>4</sub> (200 mg.) was added to 9.6 g. I in 90 ml. ice-cold abs. EtOH, after 15 min. another 200 mg. added, and after a second 15 min. period 160 mg. added, the soln. stirred an addnl. 15 min., acidified with glacial HOAc, and worked up to give 1-hydroxy-6-oxo-9-ethyl-.DELTA.5(10)-octalin (II) m. 88.0-9.5.degree.

(acetone-hexane), b0.8 165.degree.. II (3.98 g.), 10 ml. Ac2O, and 2 ml. C5H5N were heated on a steam bath 1.5 hrs., poured into 300 ml. ice H2O, and worked up to give 4.2 g. 1-acetoxy-6-oxo-9-ethyl-.DELTA.5(10)-octalin (III). III (44.4 g.), 44 ml. Et orthoformate, 4 ml. abs. EtOH, and 200 ml. C6H6 were mixed with 4 ml. abs. EtOH satd. with HCl, the mixt. refluxed 2 hrs., cooled, and worked up to give 1-acetoxy-6-ethoxy-9-methyl-.DELTA.4(10),5-hexahydronaphthalene (IV). IV was dissolved in 150 ml. abs. EtOH, hydrogenated at room temp. and pressure with 400 mg. 2% Pd-SrCO3 catalyst 2 hrs., and worked up to give 1-acetoxy-6-ethoxy-9-methyl-trans-.DELTA.6-octalin (V). V in 60 ml. 50% aq. HOAc was heated on a steam bath 0.5 hr. and worked up to give 4.1 g. 1-acetoxy-9-methyl-6-oxo-trans-decalin, m. 46-9.degree. (hexane). Prepd. similarly were: 4.7 g. 1-acetoxy-6-ethoxy-9-ethyl-.DELTA.4(10),5-hexahydronaphthalene; 4.7 g. 1-acetoxy-6-ethoxy-.DELTA.6-9-ethyl-trans-octalin; 4.1 g. 1-acetoxy-6-oxo-9-ethyl-trans-decalin; 74% 1-acetoxy-7-bromo-6-oxo-9-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 147-8.degree. (ether); 59% 1-acetoxy-6-oxo-9-methyl-.DELTA.7-trans-octalin, m. 62.5-3.5.degree. (ether-hexane); 10.2 g. 1-hydroxy-6-oxo-9-methyl-.DELTA.7-trans-octalin, m. 88-9.degree. (ether-hexane); 87% 1-tert-butoxy-6-oxo-9-methyl-.DELTA.7-trans-octalin, m. 72-3.degree.; 1-acetoxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 116-17.degree.; 1-acetoxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-ethyl-trans-decalin, m. 78.5-9.5.degree. (acetone-hexane); 84% 1-hydroxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 71-2.degree.; 1-hydroxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-ethyl-trans-decalin, m. 95-6.degree.; 13.0 g. 1-benzyloxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 83.0-3.5.degree. (hexane), b0.5 176-82.degree.; 1-benzyloxy-6,6-ethylenedioxy-9-ethyl-trans-decalin, b0.5 182-4.degree.; 1-benzyloxy-6-oxo-9-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 46-7.degree. (hexane), b0.3 157.degree.; 1-benzyloxy-6-oxo-9-ethyl-trans-decalin; 51 g. 1-benzyloxy-7-bromo-6-oxo-methyl-trans-decalin, m. 112-13.degree. (acetone-hexane); 1-benzyloxy-7-bromo-6-oxo-9-ethyl-trans-decalin, m. 139-40.degree.; 1-benzyloxy-6-oxo-9-methyl-.DELTA.7-trans-octalin, b0.5 170.degree.; 1-benzyloxy-6-oxo-9-ethyl-.DELTA.7-trans-octalin, b0.1 165-70.degree.; 2.55 g. trans-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4a-methyl-5-tert-butoxy - 2-oxo - 1-naphthaldehyde; trans-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4a-methyl - 5-benzyloxy-2-oxo-1-naphthaldehyde; trans-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4a-methyl-5-tert-butoxy-2-oxo-1-(3-oxobutyl)-1-naphthaldehyde; trans-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4a-methyl - 5-benzyloxy-2-oxo-1-(3-oxobutyl)-1-naphthaldehyde; trans - 1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a - octahydro-4a-methyl-5-benzyloxy-2-oxo - 1 - (3-oxopentyl)-1-naphthaldehyde; Me trans-1-formyl-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4.alpha.-methyl-5-tert-butoxy-.delta.,2-dioxo-1-naphthaleneheptanoate; Me trans-1-formyl-1,2,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-4a-methyl - 5-benzyloxy-.delta.,2-dioxo-1-naphthaleneheptanoate; dl-8.beta.-tert-butoxy-8a.beta.-methyl-4,4a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-2(3H)-phenanthrene, m. 134-5.degree. (ether-hexane); dl-8.beta.-benzyloxy-8a.beta.-methyl-4,4a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-2(3H)-phenanthrene, m. 109-10.degree. (MeOH); dl-8.beta.-benzyloxy - 8a.beta.-1 - dimethyl - 4,4a.beta.4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a, - octahydro-2(3H)-phenanthrene; dl-2,3,4,4a.beta.,4a.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a-decahydro-8a.alpha.-methyl-8.beta.-tert-butoxy-2-oxophenanthrene-1-propionic acid, m. 88-9.degree. (MeCN); dl - 2,3,4,4a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a,-decahydro-8a.beta.-methyl-8.beta.-benzyloxy-2-oxophenanthrene-1-propionic acid, m. 158-9.degree. (MeCN); dl-8.beta.-tert-butoxy-8a.beta.-methyl-4,4a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10-decahydro-2(3H)-phenanthrene, m. 97-8.degree. (hexane); dl - 8.beta.-benzyloxy-8a.beta.-methyl - 4,4a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10 - decahydro-2-(3H)-phenanthrene, m. 101-2.degree.; dl-8.beta.-benzyloxy-23,4,5a.beta.,4b.alpha.,5,6,7,8,8a,9,10-dodecahydro-8a.beta.-methyl - 2-oxo-phenanthrene-1-propionic acid; dl-17a.beta.-benzyloxy-5-hydroxy-3,5-

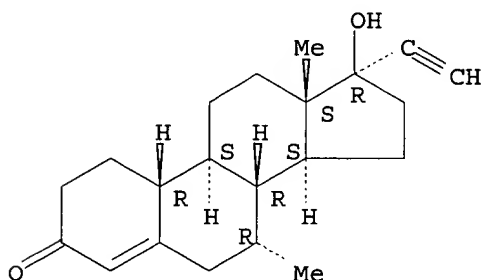
seco-4-nor-5(10),9(11)-D-homoestradien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone, m. 130-1.degree. (ether); dl-17a.beta.-benzyloxy-5-hydroxy-3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10)-D-homostren-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone, m. 123-4.degree. (ether-hexane); and dl-19-nor-D-homotestosterone, benzyl ether, m. 194-5.degree. (EtOH-CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Also claimed are: dl-17a.beta.-benzyloxy-13-ethyl-5-hydroxy-3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10),9(11)-D-homogonadien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17a.beta.-tert-butoxy-5-hydroxy-3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10),9(11)-D-homoestradien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17a.beta.-tert-butoxy-13-ethyl-5-hydroxy - 3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10),9(11)-D-homogonadien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17a.beta.-tert-butoxy-5-hydroxy-3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10)-D-homostren-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17a.beta.-benzyloxy-13-ethyl-5-hydroxy - 3,5-seco-4-nor-5(10)-D-homogonadien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17a.beta.-tert-butoxy-13-ethyl-5 - hydroxy-3, 5-seco - 4 - nor-5(10)- D - homogonadien-3-oic acid, 3,5-lactone; dl-17.alpha.-benzyloxy-5-oxo-C-homoestr-4-ene; 17a.beta.-benzyloxy-13-ethyl-D-homogon-4-en-3-one.

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:3127 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:3127  
TITLE: 7-Methyltestosterones  
INVENTOR(S): Babcock, John C.; Campbell, J. Allan  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co., USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 334155		19670912	US	19610605
IT	1162-60-3P	3704-09-4P	3764-87-2P		
	6157-87-5P				
RL:	SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)				
RN	1162-60-3	CAPLUS			
CN	19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

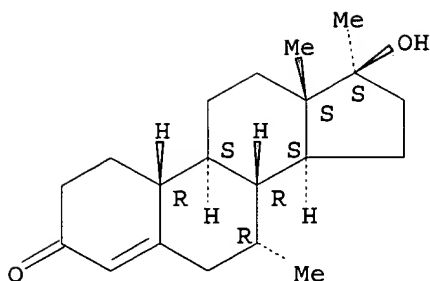


RN 3704-09-4 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7,17-dimethyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



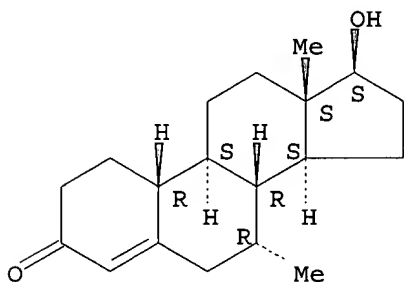
09937274



RN 3764-87-2 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

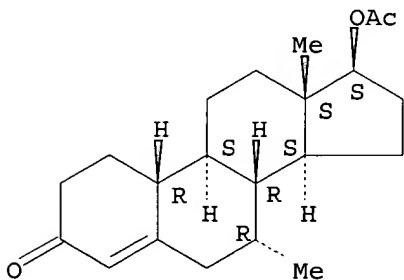
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 6157-87-5 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Compds. with anabolic, androgenic, antiestrogenic, gonadotropin-inhibiting, progestational, growth-promoting, anti-fertility, and central nervous system depressant activity were prepd. as follows.  
11.beta.-Hydroxy-17.alpha.-methyltestosterone (5 g.) (CA 50: 7159b), 25 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, and 100 mg. p-TsOH (Ts = tosyl) in toluene were refluxed under N 4.5 hrs., the product treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> 3 days at 5.degree., followed by reaction with LiAlH<sub>4</sub> gave 1.2 g. 17.alpha.-methyl-5-androstene-3.beta.,11.beta.,17.beta.-triol (I), m. 230-5.degree.; [.alpha.]D -68.degree. (dioxane). 11.alpha.-Hydroxy-17-methyltestosterone (1 g.) in pyridine was treated with 1 g. p-TsCl to give 11.alpha.-(p-

1/25/2003

tolylsulfonyloxy)-17-methyltestosterone, which was refluxed with HCO<sub>2</sub>Na 19 hrs. to give 9(11)-dehydro-17-methyltestosterone. I (2 g.) and 12 g. p-quinone in PhMe was refluxed with 2 g. Al(OBu-*tert*)<sub>3</sub> for 50 min. and chromatographed to give 0.4 g. 11.β.-hydroxy-17.α.-methyl-6-dehydrotestosterone, m. 246-54.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 150.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Similarly prepd. were 6-dehydro-17-methyltestosterone (II), m. 182-91.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 21.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Using chloranil, 11.β.-hydroxy-testosterone was converted to the 6-dehydro deriv. II (2 g.) was treated with a mixt. of 0.4 g. Cu<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 20 cc. 4M MeMgBr in Et<sub>2</sub>O in tetrahydrofuran for 4 hrs. and the product chromatographed to give 1 g. of a mixt. of the 7-epimers of 7,17-dimethyltestosterone, m. 120-40.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 55.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Sepn. of the epimers was effected by recrystn. and reaction with chloranil to give the 7.α.-epimer, m. 163-5.degree., and the 7.β.-epimer, m. 127-9.degree.. Similarly prepd. were the 7-epimers of 7,17-dimethyl-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone, m. 218-24.degree., and sepn. as before gave the 7.β.-epimer, m. 242-6.degree. (decompn.); [α.<sub>D</sub> 105.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>); and by reaction with chloranil to give a residue, 7,17-dimethyl-11.β.-hydroxy-6-dehydrotestosterone, m. 242-4.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 310.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), and the 7.α.-epimer, m. 225-30.degree.; and 7.α.,17-dimethyl-9(11)-dehydrotestosterone, m. 172-6.degree. [obtained from 7.α.,17.α.-dimethyl-11.α.-hydroxytestosterone, m. 230-4.5.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 81.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>)]. 7.α.,17.α.-Dimethyltestosterone (8 g.), 8 g. Hg, 6.5 cc. HOAc, 5 g. SeO<sub>2</sub>, and 300 cc. *tert*-BuOH was refluxed under N for 4 hrs. to give, after chromatog., 1-dehydro-7.α.,17.α.-dimethyltestosterone, m. 153-6.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> -6.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). **7-Methyl**-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone (III) (1 g.) was acetylated to give the 17-acetate. III (0.3 g.) in benzene was stirred with 0.3 cc. BzCl and 0.3 cc. pyridine for 17 hrs. at 25.degree. to give the 17-benzoate. This compd. (1.5 g.) in 80 cc. HOAc was oxidized with 0.74 g. CrO<sub>3</sub> to give **7-methyl**-11-oxotestosterone 17-benzoate. Similarly prepd. was **7-methyl**-11-oxotestosterone 17-acetate. **7-Methyl**-11-oxotestosterone 17-propionate (1 g.) in 50 cc. N alc. KOH contg. 3 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O was refluxed 0.5 hr. to give **7-methyl**-11-oxotestosterone. III (2.5 g.), 250 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 200 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O, 100 cc. concd. HCl, and 100 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O was refluxed 18 hrs. to give 17-methyl-9(11)-dehydrotestosterone (IV). IV (250 mg.) in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was converted to the 17-propionate (V). Similarly prepd. was the 17-(.β.-cyclopentyl-propionate) deriv. of IV. V (2 g.) in Me<sub>2</sub>CO was cooled to 15.degree. and treated with 2 g. N-bromoacetamide in H<sub>2</sub>O, followed by 10 cc. 0.8N HClO<sub>4</sub> to give **7-methyl**-9.α.-bromo-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone 17-propionate (VI). Similarly prepd. were **7-methyl**-9.α.-chloro-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone 17-propionate, and 7,17-dimethyl 9.α.-bromo-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone. VI (1.36 g.) in MeOH was titrated with 0.1N aq. NaOH to give **7-methyl**-9.β.,11.β.-epoxytestosterone 17-propionate (VII). Similarly prepd. was 7,17-dimethyl-9.β.,11.β.-epoxytestosterone. VII (1.13 g.) in CHCl<sub>3</sub> was treated with HF in CHCl<sub>3</sub> at -15.degree. to give **7-methyl**-9.α.-fluoro-11.β.-hydroxytestosterone 17-propionate. This compd. (0.779 g.) in HOAc was treated with 0.37 g. CrO<sub>3</sub> in HOAc to give **7-methyl**-9.α.-fluoro-11-oxotestosterone 17-propionate, which in turn was treated with alc. KOH to give **7-methyl**-9.α.-fluoro-11-oxotestosterone. 6-Dehydro-19-nortestosterone 17-acetate (3 g.) was treated with 3M MeMgBr and 0.4 g. Cu<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> to give 7.α.-methyl-19-nortestosterone 17-acetate, m. 111-14.degree.; [α.<sub>D</sub> 48.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). This product was deacetylated with aq. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> to give 7.α.-methyl-19-nortestosterone, m.

145-6.degree.; [.alpha.]D 55.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). This compd. (1.4 g.) was oxidized with CrO<sub>3</sub> to give 7.alpha.-methyl-19-nor-4-androstene-3,17-dione, m. 201-4.degree.; and the product (10 mg.) in MeOH was treated with pyrrolidine to give 7.alpha.-methyl-19-nor-4-androstene-3,17-dione 3-pyrrolidinyl enamine (VIII), m. 151-60.degree.. VII (0.5 g.) was treated 5 hrs. with NaC.tplbond.CH in xylene to give 0.161 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-17.alpha.-ethynyl-19-nortestosterone (IX), m. 197-9.5.degree.. Also prepd. was the 17-acetate. IX was hydrogenated over Pd/C to give 17.alpha.-ethyl-7.alpha.-methyl-19-nortestosterone, m. 138-9.degree.. VIII (2.75 g.) was reacted with 3M MeMgBr to give 7.alpha.,17.alpha.-dimethyl-19-nortestosterone (X) which was then treated with *Rhizopus nigricans* ATCC 6227b to give 7.alpha.,17.alpha.-dimethyl-11.alpha.-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (XI). X was similarly treated with *Cunninghamella blakesleeana* ATCC 8688b to give the 11.beta.-isomer of XI. CrO<sub>3</sub>-HOAc converted XI to 7.alpha.,17.alpha.-dimethyl-11-oxo-19-nortestosterone. To 1.6 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-11.beta.-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone in PhMe and cyclohexanone was added 1.5 g. Al(OBu-tert)<sub>3</sub> to give 7.alpha.-methyl-11.beta.-hydroxy-19-nor-4-androstene-3,17-dione. 7.alpha.-Methyltestosterone (20 g.) was treated with 20 g. Na<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> in HOAc to give 15.6 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-4-androstene-3,17-dione, m. 194-6.degree.; [.alpha.]D 196.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). The product was dissolved in hot MeOH and treated under N with pyrrolidine to give the 3-pyrrolidyl enamine, m. 199-205.degree. (decompn.); [.alpha.]D -190.degree. (pyridine). The compd. thus prepd. was treated with NaC.tplbond.CH as before to give 7.alpha.-methyl-17.alpha.-ethynyltestosterone, m. 191-3.degree.; [.alpha.]D 41.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Hydrogenation converted the latter product to 7.alpha.-methyl-17.alpha.-ethyltestosterone, m. 140.5-3.0.degree.. This compd. was treated to give the 17-propionate. Uv and ir spectral data are given for the compds.

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:14820 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:14820

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:2665d-e

TITLE: March 1964 and corrections

AUTHOR(S): Anon.

SOURCE: Federal Register (1964), 29, 15228-9

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

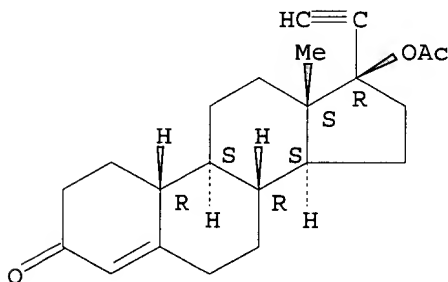
IT 51-98-9, 19-Nor-17.alpha.-pregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-, acetate

(approval of prepn. contg., for human use)

RN 51-98-9 CAPLUS

CN 19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-, (17.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



09937274

AB The following new drugs have been approved for human use: ethynylestradiol and norethindrone acetate; aspirin, phenacetin, caffeine and orphenadrine citrate; norethindrone and mestranol; lidocaine, Bi subgallate, ZnO, Al subacetate, and Peruvian balsam; nalidixic acid; lidocaine; pralidoxime chloride; ammonium form of cross-linked polyacrylic (carboxylic) cation-exchange resin; and for veterinary use: trichlorfon, phenothiazine, and piperazine-di-HCl.

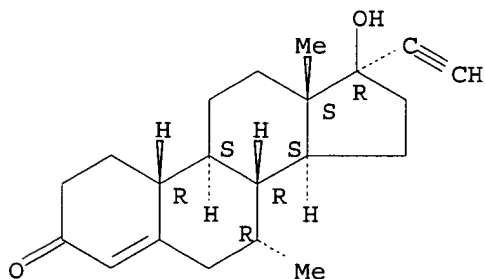
L5 ANSWER 13 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:469431 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:69431  
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:13832d-i,13833a-i,13834a-i,13835a  
TITLE: 7-Methyltestosterone and derivatives  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co.  
SOURCE: 83 pp.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Unavailable  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
BE 610385		19620516	BE	
DE 1182229			DE	
GB 941634			GB	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	19601116
			US	19610605

IT **1162-60-3**, 19-Nor-17.alpha.-pregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one,  
17-hydroxy-7.alpha.-methyl- **3704-09-4**, Estr-4-en-3-one,  
17.beta.-hydroxy-7.alpha.,17-dimethyl- **3764-87-2**,  
Estr-4-en-3-one, 17.beta.-hydroxy-7.alpha.-methyl- **6157-87-5**,  
Estr-4-en-3-one, 17.beta.-hydroxy-7.alpha.-methyl-, acetate  
(prepn. of)  
RN 1162-60-3 CAPLUS  
CN 19-Norpregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.alpha.)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

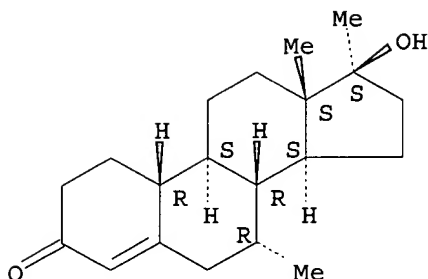
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 3704-09-4 CAPLUS  
CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7,17-dimethyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

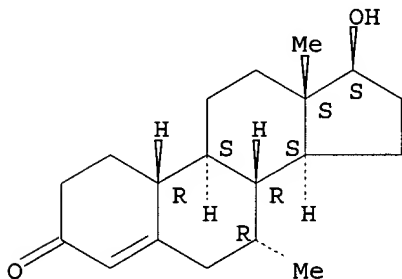
09937274



RN 3764-87-2 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-hydroxy-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

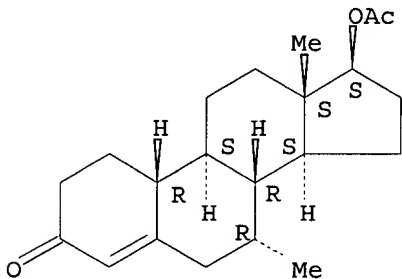
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 6157-87-5 CAPLUS

CN Estr-4-en-3-one, 17-(acetyloxy)-7-methyl-, (7.alpha.,17.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB 11.beta.-Hydroxy-17.alpha.-methyltestosterone (I) (3 g.), 25 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, and 100 mg. p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H in 100 cc. MePh refluxed 4.5 hrs. under N and evapd., the residue dissolved in 100 cc. 95% EtOH, treated with 3 cc. 10% aq. NaOH, cooled to 0.degree., treated with stirring and cooling with 5 g. NaBH<sub>4</sub> in 100 cc. 70% EtOH and after 1 hr. with an addnl. 2.5 g. NaBH<sub>4</sub> in 50 cc. 70% EtOH, kept 3 days at 5.degree., heated to boiling with 15 cc. 10% aq. NaOH, and evapd., the residue treated with stirring with ice and 3N HCl and filtered, the washed and dried crude product (5.7 g.) dissolved in 50 cc. tetrahydrofuran, treated with stirring with 1.5 g. LiAlH<sub>4</sub>, dild. with 15 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O, stirred 1 hr., and worked up yielded 1.7 g. 17.alpha.-methyl-5-androstene-3.beta.,11.beta.,17.beta.-triol (II), m.

1/25/2003

230-5.degree. (EtOAc), [.alpha.]D -68.degree. (dioxane). 11.alpha.-Epimer of I (1 g.) in dry C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N treated 18 hrs. at room temp. with 1 g. p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>Cl and poured into H<sub>2</sub>O gave the 11.alpha.-(p-toluenesulfonate) (III). III (1 g.), 0.2 g. HCO<sub>2</sub>Na, 0.57 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and 14 cc. abs. EtOH refluxed 19 hrs., cooled, stirred into 50 g. ice and H<sub>2</sub>O, and filtered gave 9(11)-dehydro-17-methyltestosterone. II (2 g.), 12 g. p-benzoquinone, and 150 cc. MePh boiled to remove about 30 cc. MePh, treated with 2 g. (Me<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>3</sub>Al, refluxed 50 min., cooled, washed with dil. aq. NaOH and H<sub>2</sub>O, and chromatographed on 100 g. Florisil yields 0.6 g. 11.beta.-hydroxy-17-methyl-6-dehydrotestosterone (IV), m. 246-54.degree. (EtOAc-Me<sub>2</sub>CO), [.alpha.]D 150.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). 17.alpha.-Methyl-5-androstene-3.beta.,17.beta.-diol (40 g.) and 170 g. p-benzoquinone in 1.3 l. MePh boiled to remove 250 cc. MePh, treated with 32 g. (Me<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>3</sub>Al, refluxed 50 min., and worked up in the usual manner yielded 6.5 g. 6-dehydro-17-methyltestosterone (V), m. 182-91.degree. (hexane-Me<sub>2</sub>CO), [.alpha.]D 21.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). 11.beta.-Hydroxytestosterone (0.5 g.) in 50 cc. Me<sub>3</sub>COH refluxed under N with 0.5 g. chloranil during 2.5 hrs., concd. under a rapid N stream, dild. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and worked up, and the crude product chromatographed on Florisil gave 11.beta.-hydroxy-6-dehydrotestosterone. CuCl<sub>2</sub> (0.4 g.), 20 cc. 4M MeMgBr in Et<sub>2</sub>O, and 60 cc. tetrahydrofuran treated with stirring and cooling with 2 g. V, 60 cc. tetrahydrofuran, and 0.2 g. CuCl<sub>2</sub>, stirred 4 hrs., decompd. with ice and H<sub>2</sub>O, acidified with 3N HCl, and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and the ext. chromatographed on 125 g. Florisil yielded 1 g. mixt., m. 120-40.degree., [.alpha.]D 55.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), of 7.alpha., 17-dimethyltestosterone (VI), m. 163-5.degree., and the 7.beta.-epimer, m. 127-9.degree.. VI (8 g.), 8 g. Hg, 6.5 cc. AcOH, and 5 g. SeO<sub>2</sub> in 300 cc. Me<sub>3</sub>COH refluxed 4 hrs. with stirring, treated with 2 g. SeO<sub>2</sub>, refluxed an addnl. 3 hrs., concd. to about 200 cc. under a rapid stream of N, dild. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and Et<sub>2</sub>O, and worked up, and the crude product chromatographed on 200 g. Florisil gave 1-dehydro-7.alpha.,17.alpha.-dimethyltestosterone, m. 153-6.degree. (Me<sub>2</sub>COskellysolve B), [.alpha.]D -6.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). CuCl<sub>2</sub> (1.6 g.) in 240 cc. tetrahydrofuran and 100 cc. 3M MeMgBr in Et<sub>2</sub>O treated with 8 g. IV and 0.8 g. CuCl<sub>2</sub> in 300 cc. tetrahydrofuran under N with stirring and cooling, and poured after 15 min. into Et<sub>2</sub>O, dil. HCl, and ice satd. with NaCl, the org. phase worked up, and the crude product chromatographed on 250 g. Florisil yielded 3.2 g. mixt., m. 218-24.degree. (hexane-Me<sub>2</sub>CO), [.alpha.]D 102.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), which by fractional recrystn. gave 7.beta., 17-dimethyl-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone (VII), m. 242-6.degree. (decompn.) (Me<sub>2</sub>CO-MeOH), [.alpha.]D 105.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>); a 0.5-g. portion of the mixt. (0.5 g.) in 50 cc. Me<sub>3</sub>COH treated 2.5 hrs. with 0.5 g. chloranil under N, concd. under a rapid stream of N, dild. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and worked up, and the crude product chromatographed on 100 g. Florisil yielded 100 mg. VII, m. 242-4.degree. (decompn.), [.alpha.]D 310.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), and 60 mg. 7.alpha.-epimer (VIII) of VII, m. 225-30.degree. with previous softening. 17-Methyl-6,9(11)-bisdehydrotestosterone gave similarly a mixt., m. 172-6.degree., of 7.alpha.- and 7.beta.-epimers of 7,17-dimethyl-9(11)-dehydrotestosterone, which is also obtained from 7.alpha.,-17.alpha.-dimethyl-11.alpha.-hydroxytosterone, m. 230-43.5.degree., [.alpha.]D 81.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>), via the 11.alpha.-(p-toluenesulfonate) with HCO<sub>2</sub>Na in aq. EtOH. 7-Methyl-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone (IX) (1 g.) in 6 cc. dry C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N and 6 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O kept 17 hrs., poured onto ice, and filtered gave the 17-acetate (X). IX (0.3 g.) in 12 cc. dry C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> treated with 0.3 g. BzCl and 0.3 cc. dry C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> gave similarly the 17-benzoate (XI) of IX. XI (1.5 g.) in 80 cc. AcOH treated with 0.74 g. CrO<sub>3</sub> in 4 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 80 cc. AcOH, kept 5 hrs. at room temp., treated with 10 cc. MeOH, and evapd., and the residue triturated with H<sub>2</sub>O and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O yielded 7-methyl-11-oxotestosterone 17-benzoate. X was oxidized similarly

to 7-methyl-11-oxotestosterone 17-acetate.  
 17-Propionate (1 g.) of 7-methyl-11-oxotestosterone (XII) in 50 cc. N KOH-MeOH contg. 3 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O refluxed 0.5 hr., poured onto ice, neutralized with dil. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and filtered gave XII. IX (2.5 g.), 250 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 200 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O, 100 cc. concd. HCl, and 100 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O refluxed 18 hrs. with stirring, and the org. layer worked up yielded 7-methyl-9(11)-dehydrate testosterone (XII). XIII (250 mg.) in 30 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> heated to remove 18 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, cooled, treated with 2 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N and 2 cc. (EtCO)<sub>2</sub>O, kept 22 hrs. at about 26.degree., dild. with 25 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O gave the 17-propionate (XIV) of XIII. XIII (250 mg.) in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> gave in the same manner with 0.25 cc. B-cyclopentylpropionyl chloride the 17-(.beta.-cyclopentylpropionate) of XIII. XIV (2 g.) in 100 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>CO cooled to 15.degree., treated with 2 g. AcNHBr in 50 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, kept at 12.degree., treated with 10 cc. 0.8N HClO<sub>4</sub> and after 5 min. with an addnl. 10 cc. HClO<sub>4</sub> followed after a further 10 min. by 20 cc. HClO<sub>4</sub>, treated after 20 min. with satd. aq. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, dild. with 200 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and filtered gave 7-methyl-9.alpha.-bromo-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone 17-propionate (XV). XIV (1 g.) in 50 cc. Me<sub>3</sub>COH treated at 20-5.degree. with 1 g. N-chlorosuccinimide in Me<sub>3</sub>COH and 50 cc. 0.1N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, stirred 0.5 hr. at room temp., dild. with 300 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> gave 7-methyl-9.alpha.-chloro-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone 17-propionate. 7,17-Dimethyl-9(11)-dehydrotestosterone (XVI) (1 g.) in 50 cc. dioxane treated at 24.degree. with 1 g. N-bromosuccinimide in 50 cc. dioxane and then during 1 hr. at room temp. with 50 cc. 0.1N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, dild. with 300 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> gave 7,17-dimethyl-9.alpha.-bromo-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone. XV (1.36 g.) in 50 cc. MeOH titrated against phenolphthalein with 0.1N aq. NaOH, dild. slowly with stirring with 300 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, cooled, and filtered gave 7-methyl-9.beta.,11.beta.-epoxytestosterone 17-propionate (XVII). XVII (1.13 g.) in 20 cc. CHCl<sub>3</sub> added with cooling to HF in CHCl<sub>3</sub> in a polyethylene bottle, kept 4 hrs. at 15.degree., and poured into excess satd. aq. NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, the CHCl<sub>3</sub> phase worked up, and the crude product chromatographed on 100 g. Florisil gave the 9.alpha.-F analog (XVIII) of XV. XVIII (0.779 g.) in 40 cc. AcOH treated with 0.37 g. CrO<sub>3</sub> in 2 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 40 cc. AcOH, kept 5 hrs. at room temp., treated with 10 cc. MeOH, dild. with 200 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and the ext. worked up gave 7-methyl-9.alpha.-fluoro-11-oxotestosterone 17-propionate (XIX). XIX (0.5 g.) and 80 mg. KOH in 10 cc. EtOH and 1 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O heated 1 hr. on the water bath, poured into 50 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, neutralized with dil. HCl, and extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> gave 7-methyl-9.alpha.-fluoro-11-oxotestosterone. 17-Acetate analog (1 g.) of XVIII in O-free MeOH treated at 18-20 under N with 1 g. KHCO<sub>3</sub> in 10 cc. O-free H<sub>2</sub>O, stirred 20 hrs. at room temp., neutralized with iced dil. AcOH, concd. to about 60 cc., and refrigerated 16 hrs. yielded 7-methyl-9.alpha.-fluoro-11.beta.-hydroxytestosterone. MeMgBr (3M) in 25 cc. Et<sub>2</sub>O and then 0.4 g. CuBr<sub>2</sub> added with stirring and cooling under N to 30 cc. tetrahydrofuran, the mixt. treated with 3 g. 6-dehydro-19-nortestosterone 17acetate in 50 cc. tetrahydrofuran, stirred 10 min. with cooling, and poured into iced dil. HCl satd. with NaCl, the org. phase worked up, the residue treated 18 hrs. at room temp. with 5 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N and 5 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, and the crude product chromatographed on Florisil gave an oil which rechromatographed on 30 g. 2:1 Celite-Darco gave 1 g. 17-acetate (XX) of 7.alpha.-methyl-19-nortestosterone (XXI), m. 111-14.degree. (MeOH), [.alpha.]<sub>D</sub> 48.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). XX (3 g.) in 40 cc. 5% K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>-80% aq. MeOH refluxed 2 hrs. under N and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O gave XXI, m. 145-6.degree., [.alpha.]<sub>D</sub> 55.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>). CrO<sub>3</sub> (1.4 g.) in 15 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N treated with stirring and cooling with 1.4 g. XXI in 15 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N, stirred 20 hrs. at about 20.degree., dild. with 1:1 C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>-Et<sub>2</sub>O, filtered through Celite, and extd. gave 1.4 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-19-

norandrostene-3,17-dione (XXII), m. 201-4.degree. (Me<sub>2</sub>CO),  $\lambda$ ; 239.5 m. $\mu$ . ( $\epsilon$ . 17,000). XXII (10 mg.) in a little boiling MeOH treated with 1 drop pyrrolidine, concd., and refrigerated gave the 3-pyrrolidinyl enamine (XXIII) of XXII, m. 151-60.degree.,  $\lambda$ . 282 m. $\mu$ . ( $\epsilon$  23,450). C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Na (20% suspension in xylene) (1 cc.) centrifuged, the residue suspended in 6 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>SO, treated with XXIII from 0.5 g. XXII, kept 5 hrs. at room temp. under N, treated dropwise with H<sub>2</sub>O, dild. with 2 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 5 cc. MeOH, heated 1 hr. on the water bath, and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O gave 0.161 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-17.alpha.-ethynyl-19-nortestosterone (XXIV), m. 197-20-Skellysolve B), 240.5 m. $\mu$ . XXIV (100 mg.) hydrogenated over 30 mg. prehydrogenated 1% Pd-C in 20 cc. dioxane until 2 equivs. H had been absorbed, filtered through Celite, and evapd., and the residue combined with the same product from 50 mg. XXIV, dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub>, and chromatographed on 50 g. Florisil gave the 17.alpha.-Et deriv. of XXI, m. 138-9.degree. (Skellysolve B-Et<sub>2</sub>O),  $\lambda$ . 241 m. $\mu$ . ( $\epsilon$ . 17,000). XXIII (2.75 g.) in 70 cc. tetrahydrofuran added with stirring under N to 25 cc. 2M MeMgBr in Et<sub>2</sub>O, the mixt. distd. to 55.degree. vapor temp., the residue refluxed 4 hrs. and worked up in the usual manner, and the crude product chromatographed on 100 g. Florisil gave the 17.alpha.-Me deriv. (XXV) of XXI. XXV (2 g.) in 20 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> added to 10 l. of a 24-hr. *Rhizopus nigricans* (ATCC 6227b) culture in 2% aq. corn steep liquor contg. 1% dextrose, incubated 72 hrs. and extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and the residue from the ext. chromatographed on Florisil gave 7.alpha., 17.alpha.-dimethyl-11.alpha.-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (XXVI). XXV (0.2 g.) in 30 cc. EtOH added to 1 l. 48-hr. *Cunninghamella blakesleeana* culture incubated 48 hrs. and extd. with 3:1 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-EtOAc, and the residue chromatographed on Florisil yielded the 11.beta.-epimer of XXVI. XXVI (1.5 g.) in 80 cc. AcOH treated 5 hrs. at room temp. with 0.74 g. CrO<sub>3</sub> in 4 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 80 cc. AcOH and worked up in the usual manner yielded the cryst. 7.alpha., 17.alpha.-dimethyl-11-oxo-19-nortestosterone. 7.alpha.-Methyl-11.beta.-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (1.6 g.) in 35 cc. MePh and 15 cc. cyclohexanone heated to remove about 10 cc. solvent, treated with 1.5 g. (Me<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>3</sub>Al, refluxed until the reaction was complete, treated with excess satd. aq. NaK tartrate, and steam distd. to remove the solvents, the distn. residue extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and the residue from the ext. chromatographed on Florisil yielded 7.alpha.-methyl-11.beta.-hydroxy-19-norandrostene-3,17-dione (XXVII). XXIV (1 g.), 20 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, and 1 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N heated 1 hr. with stirring under N at 140.degree., cooled to room temp., stirred 2 hrs. with 100 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, and filtered gave a mixt. of the 17-acetate (XXVIII) of XXIV and the corresponding 3-enol 3,17-diacetate; the mixt. refluxed 1 hr. with 100 cc. MeOH contg. 2 cc. concd. HCl, dild. with H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and the residue from the ext. chromatographed on Florisil gave the cryst. XXVIII. Na<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O (20 g.) in 200 cc. AcOH treated with stirring and cooling with 20 g. 7.alpha.-methyltestosterone, kept several hrs. at room temp., poured into 1 l. H<sub>2</sub>O, and filtered gave 18.7 g. 7.alpha.-methylandrostene-3,17-dione (XXIX), m. 194-6.degree. (Me<sub>2</sub>CO-Skellysolve B), [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> 196.degree. (CHCl<sub>3</sub>),  $\lambda$ . 241 m. $\mu$ . ( $\epsilon$ . 17,250). XXIX (15.6 g.) in the min. amt. boiling MeOH under N treated with 10 cc. pyrrolidine, cooled, and filtered gave the 3-pyrrolidinyl enamine (XXX) of XXIX, m. 199-205.degree. (decompn.), [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> - 190.degree. (C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N),  $\lambda$ . 282 m. $\mu$ . ( $\epsilon$ . 29,900). C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Na centrifuged from 25 cc. 20% suspension in xylene, resuspended in 160 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>SO, treated with the XXX in 100 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>SO, stirred 3 hrs. under N, treated with 30 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 50 cc. MeOH, heated 1 hr. at 50-60.degree., kept at room temp. overnight, dild. with H<sub>2</sub>O, and extd. with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, the ext. worked up, and the crude product (2 g.) combined with 3.9 g. product from the filtrate and chromatographed on DarcoCelite-Florisil gave 3.9 g. 7.alpha.-methyl-17.alpha.-ethynyltestosterone (XXXI), m. 191-3.degree. (EtOAc), [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub>



09937274

41.degree. (CHCl3), .lambda. 242 m.mu. (.epsilon. 16,550). XXXI (1 g.) hydrogenated over 0.2 g. prehydrogenated 1% Pd-C in 40 cc. dioxane yielded 0.8 g. 17.alpha.-Et analog (XXXII) of XXXI, m. 140.5-43.degree., .lambda. 242 m.mu. (e 16,350). XXXII (5 g.) in 20 cc. C5H5N and 5 cc. (EtCO)2O refluxed under N gave the 17-propionate of XXXII. XXXI (5 g.) in 20 cc. C5H5N and 5 cc. (EtCO)2O gave similarly the 17-propionate of XXXI.

=> s nandrolone

L8 540 NANDROLONE

=> s l8 and 7-alkyl

2305927 7

500431 ALKYL

1966 7-ALKYL

(7(W)ALKYL)

L9 0 L8 AND 7-ALKYL

=> s l8 and 7-ethyl

2305927 7

330054 ETHYL

1319 7-ETHYL

(7(W)ETHYL)

L10 0 L8 AND 7-ETHYL

=> s l8 and 7-methyl

2305927 7

778688 METHYL

6873 7-METHYL

(7(W)METHYL)

L11 0 L8 AND 7-METHYL

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:37:05 ON 25 JAN 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:38 ON 25 JAN 2003

L1 0 S 19-NIR TESTOSTERONE

L2 162 S 19-NOR TESTOSTERONE

L3 0 S L2 AND 7-SUBSTITUTED

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:38:52 ON 25 JAN 2003

L4 3 S L2 AND 7-ALKYL

L5 13 S L2 AND 7 METHYL

L6 0 S L2 AND 7ETHYL

L7 1 S L2 AND 7 ETHYL

L8 540 S NANDROLONE

L9 0 S L8 AND 7-ALKYL

L10 0 S L8 AND 7-ETHYL

L11 0 S L8 AND 7-METHYL

=> s l2 and 7-vinyl

6755 L2

2305927 7

351185 VINYL

323 7-VINYL

(7(W)VINYL)

L12 0 L2 AND 7-VINYL

1/25/2003

09937274

=> s l2 and 7-alkylene

6755 L2

2305927 7

50070 ALKYLENE

270 7-ALKYLENE

(7(W)ALKYLENE)

L13 0 L2 AND 7-ALKYLENE

=> S l2 and 7-alpha ethyl

6755 L2

2305927 7

1361319 ALPHA

330054 ETHYL

20 7-ALPHA ETHYL

(7(W)ALPHA(W)ETHYL)

L14 0 L2 AND 7-ALPHA ETHYL

09937274

AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002

NEWS HOURS	STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER	General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN	Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE	Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW	CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:36:45 ON 25 JAN 2003

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:36:51 ON 25 JAN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 481628-73-3  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 481628-73-3

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> s 95171-22-5/rn

L1 1 95171-22-5/RN

=> d l1

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 95171-22-5 REGISTRY

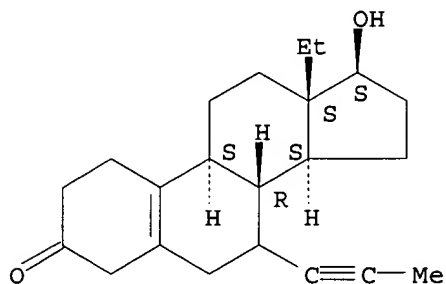
CN Gon-5(10)-en-3-one, 13-ethyl-17.beta.-hydroxy-7-(1-propynyl)- (7CI) (CA

1/25/2003

09937274

INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C22 H30 O2  
LC STN Files: CAOLD

Absolute stereochemistry.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> logoff

ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF

LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:H

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
2.48	2.69

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:37:47 ON 25 JAN 2003